DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY



# Addressing COVID-19 Mental Health Challenges

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March 27, 2020

## **Disclosures / COI**

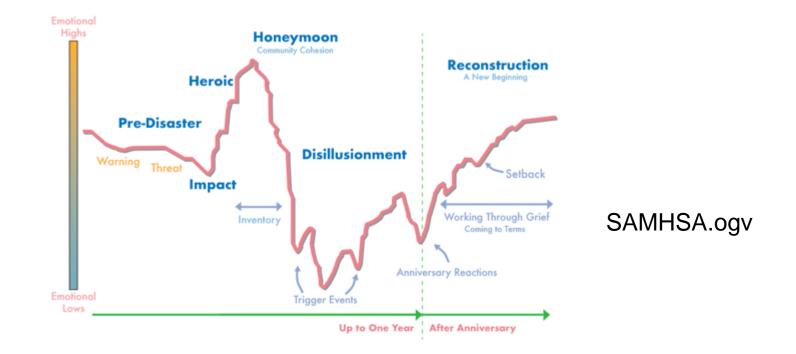
1. I have no conflicts to disclose.



## **Disasters & Mass Trauma**



## **Mental Health Response to Disasters**





## **Mental Health and Disasters**

- Most disaster victims are resilient or recovery quickly
- Increased risk for wide range of psychosocial problems
  - Posttraumatic stress disorder
  - Generalized anxiety
  - Depression
  - Alcohol and drug use problems





## **COVID-19 Pandemic MH Challenges**

- 1. Barriers to treatment
- 2. Social isolation
- 3. Disrupted routines
- 4. Uncertainty
- 5. Economic stressors
- 6. Healthcare system strain



## **Acute Stress Reactions**

- 1. Vary across development
- 2. Emotional symptoms (ex: irritability, sadness, hyper-reactive)
- 3. Cognitive symptoms (ex: poor decision making, impaired concentration)
- 4. Physical symptoms (ex: headaches, stomach aches, breathing difficulties)
- 5. Behavioral reactions (ex: substance use, interpersonal conflict)



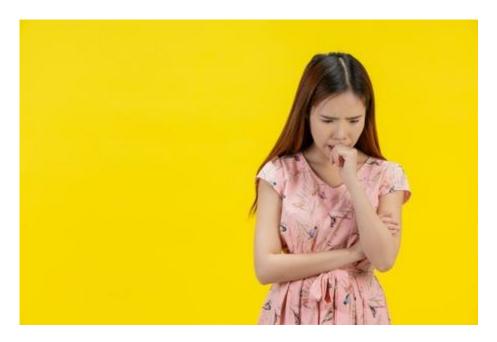
## **Risk Characteristics**

- 1. Widespread property damage, displacement
- 2. Serious, ongoing financial problems
- 3. Human error or human intent that caused the disaster
- 4. High prevalence of injury, threat to life, loss of life
- 5. Reduced / perceived lack of social supports
- 6. Prior mental health concerns, trauma



## **Contributors to Distress**

- 1. Trauma reminders
- 2. Loss reminders
- 3. Change reminders
- 4. Hardships



<a href="https://www.freepik.com/free-photos-vectors/education">Education photo created by jcomp - www.freepik.com</a>



## **Survivor Needs / Early Intervention Principles**

- 1. Safety
- 2. Calmness
- 3. Connectedness
- 4. Self and community efficacy

5. Hope



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## **Early Interventions**

### Single session, acute phase (days, weeks)

- Psychological Debriefing (poor / inconsistent outcomes)
- Psychological First Aid (PFA)
  - Generally accepted, more evaluation needed

# Brief, in-person, multi-session interventions (1-6 months post-disaster)

• Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR)



Pfefferbaum et al., 2017, Curr Psychiatry Rep

## **Psychological First Aid (PFA)**

- 1. Evidence-informed, modular approach (not therapy)
- 2. Goals: a) Reduce initial distress; b) Foster shortand long-term adaptive functioning and coping
- 3. Assumes a broad range of responses, including resilience
- 4. Designed for multiple contexts public health
- 5. Developed by NCTSN & National Center for PTSD





## **8 PFA Core Actions**





#### learn.nctsn.org Q NCTSN LEARNING CENTER Psychological Continuing Military Service Special Clinical Help O Education Families First Aid Systems Populations Training THE LEARNING CENTER PFA As part of the National Child Traumatic Stress Network (NCTSN), the Learning Center for Child and Adolescent Trauma offers Free Online Education with: 300+ FREE CE certificates 50+ speakers 200+ online webinars

### What's New

#### Keeping Secrets: Family Communication After Trauma

Jordyn, who disclosed sexual exploitation in a previous session has continued to see her therapist to address her symptoms of distress which include depression and PTSD. During this session Jordyn is joined by her father Jimmy who has his own trauma history related to combat exposure. Despite notabl...

#### Engaging Families in Affirming Trauma-Informed Care for LGBTQ Children and Youth

Research has shown that LGBTQ youth who have family support have better outcomes through their

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90.000+ members

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help@nctsn.org.

LOGIN

For support issues, contact the NCTSN Help Desk at

Often, adolescents may feel heard but not listened to

### Featured

Promoting Trauma-Informed Policies Practices to Address Child Sex Trafficking This webinar will provide examples of state and federal policy issues related to child sex trafficking. Further, NCTSN resources related to the topic will be shared.

#### Understanding the Complex Needs of Commercially Sexually Exploited Children

This speaker series will tackle the specific strategies and challenges within each child serving system providing services to commercially sexually exploited children.

#### Addressing Perpetration of Intimate Partner Violence in Families Affected by Substance Use

Violence in Families Affected by Substance Use In this webinar, presenters describe the connections between intimate partner violence and substance use. They discuss the impact of these challenges on parenting and children, and suggest strategies for working with affected families. In their presentation

### Popular

### Psychological First Aid Online

PFA online includes a 6-hour interactive course that puts the participant in the role of a provider in a post-disaster scene. This professionally-narrated course is for individuals new to disaster response who want to learn the core goals of PFA, as well as for seasoned practitioners who want a r...

### The 12 Core Concepts: An Online Interactive Course

This course contains interactive online lessons that lead you through the 12 Core Concepts for Understanding Traumatic Stress Responses in Children and Families. The Core Concepts are conceptual lenses used to better understand childhood trauma, its causes, effects, and strengthba...

#### Child Welfare Trauma Training Toolkit

The Child Welfare Trauma Training Toolkit course assists those in the field of child welfare who wish to



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For questions, visit our FAQ page.

Home Courses Psychological First ...



### **Psychological First Aid Online**

PFA online includes a 6-hour interactive course that puts the participant in the role of a provider in a post-disaster scene. This professionally-narrated course is for individuals new to disaster response who want to learn the core goals of PFA, as well as for seasoned practitioners who want a review. It features innovative activities, video demonstrations, and mentor tips from the nation's trauma experts and survivors. PFA online also offers a Learning Community where participants can share about experiences using PFA in the field, receive guidance during times of disaster, and obtain additional resources and training. This project was funded by SAMHSA, NCPTSD, NACCHO, and HHS Office of the Surgeon General, Office of the Civilian Volunteer Medical Reserve Corps.

This activity has been planned and implemented in accordance with the Institute for Medical Quality and the California Medical Association's CME Accreditation Standards (IMQ/CMA) through the Joint Sponsorship of CME Consultants and Semel Institute at UCLA. CME Consultants is accredited by IMQ/CMA to provide continuing medical education for physicians. CME Consultants takes responsibility for the content, quality and scientific integrity of this CME activity. CME Consultants designates this educational activity for a maximum of 6.0 AMA PRA Category 1 Credits". Physicians should only claim credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity. This credit may also be applied to the CMA Certification in Continuing Medical Education.

This course also has 6 CE credits available through the National Association of Social Workers, American Psychological Association, California Board of Behavioral Sciences, and the Board of Registered Nursing.

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### Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR)

Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR) is an intervention that aims to help survivors gain skills to manage distress and cope with post-disaster stress and adversity. The SPR Field Operations Guide was developed by the National Child Traumatic Stress Network and the National Center for PTSD, with contributions from individuals involved in disaster research and response. SPR is not formal mental health treatment, but utilizes skills-building components from mental health treatment that have been found helpful in a variety of cost treams situations. Because humanity but a skills-building approach is more effective than supportive courseling. SPR is appropriate for developmental levels across the

# 6.0 FREE CE/CME

r Mental Health Services (CMHS), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), U.S. Department of Health and Human

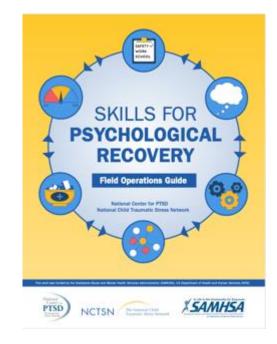
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NCTSN An International Online International Street Features International Devices and jointly coordinated by UCLA and Duke University. Disclaimer | Privacy

## Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR)

- 1. Evidence-informed, modular approach
- Goals: a) protect mental health of disaster survivors; b) enhance survivors' abilities to address their needs and concerns; c) teach skills to promote recovery; d) prevent maladaptive behaviors while identifying and supporting adaptive ones
- 3. Developed by NCTSN & National Center for PTSD, SAMHSA





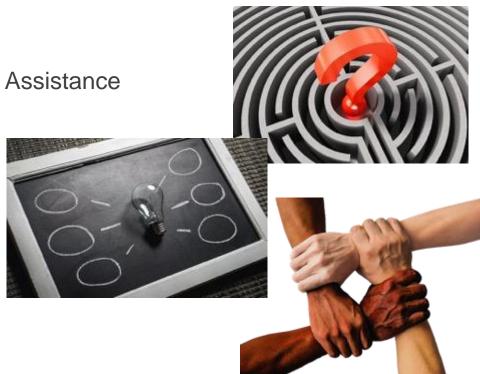
## Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR)

- 1. Secondary prevention model
- 2. Delivered by mental health or other health workers
- 3. Ideally delivered in private space, 45 min, 3-5 visits
- 4. 6 Core Skills / Modules



## **SPR Modules**

- 1. Gathering Information & Prioritizing Assistance
- 2. Building Problem-Solving Skills
- 3. Promoting Positive Activities
- 4. Managing Reactions
- 5. Promoting Helpful Thinking







Psychological C First Aid E

Continuing Education

Military Families Service Special Systems Populations

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Clinical Training



CONTACT US

For support issues, contact the NCTSN Help Desk at help@nctsn.org.

For questions, visit our FAQ page.

### CERTIFICATES

If your certificate is NOT printing, make sure to Evaluate the Training and fill our Participant Survey, then return to print your certificate.

### CE CREDITS

This course has 5 CE credits available through the National Association of Social Workers, American Psychological Association, California Board of Behavioral Sciences, and the Board of Registered Nursing.

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### Skills for Psychological Recovery (SPR)

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### **Before You Begin**

Dr. Patricia Watson discuss the disaster behavioral health evidence-based practices are currently available for children, adults, and families, including an overview of Skills for Psychological Recovery. Click the play button to learn more.

▶ 0:00 / 13:51 → • ÷

SPR skill sets are designed to be helpful in addressing the survivors' and responders' needs and concerns. These interventions have had good results following individual as well as group trauma, including disasters and acts of terrorism. They are also in alignment with the literature on improving resilience and facilitating recovery of function following traumatic stress. The following icons provide detailed information about delivering SPR.



## PFA vs. SPR

1. PFA:

- Immediate response phase, initial recovery
- Days, weeks after a disaster (depending on event, setting, etc.)
- Emphasizes helping survivors meet immediate needs, often in temporary settings

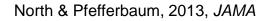
2. SPR:

- Recovery phase once initial crisis has subsided
- Weeks, months, years (once safety, security, and other vital needs met)
- Emphasizes teaching survivors specific skills, designed for follow-up



## **PFA, SPR Research Evidence**

- 1. Limited, no RCTs
- 2. Some promising findings
- 3. Most research on training, implementation rather than outcomes





## Longer Term Recovery

- 1. Psychotherapy reduces disaster-related PTSD relative to WL
  - (meta-analysis, 24 studies, N=2630)
  - 74% imp. from baseline; 66% more improvement Tx vs. control/WL
  - Individual (vs. group); Parental involvement but effects large
- 2. CBT for chronic problems (PTSD, depression)
  - Ex: Trauma-Focused CBT

Newman et al., 2014, *Curr Psychiatry Rep* Pfefferbaum et al., 2019, *Prehosp & Disaster Medicine* 



## What about Debriefing?

- 1. What is it? Describe experiences and reactions, reconstruct the event, share coping strategies
- 2. <10 empirical studies in youth; variable rigor, outcomes reported
- 3. No strong evidence of benefit
- 4. Concerns about timing (interference with natural recovery), unnecessary exposure to traumatic stimuli, lack of comprehensiveness

Jacobs & Pfefferbaum, 2015, *Curr Psychiatry Rep* Pfefferbaum et al., 2015, *Prehosp Disaster Med* 



## **Provider Self Care**

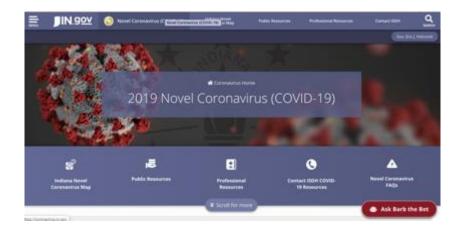
- 1. Foster supportive connections with others
- 2. Manage assignments to vary exposure to survivors' experiences
- 3. Use a buddy system
- 4. Use time off and make room for personal time
- 5. Access supervision / peer consultation routinely
- 6. Practice stress management during the workday
- 7. Access formal supports (ex EAP) when needed



## Resources

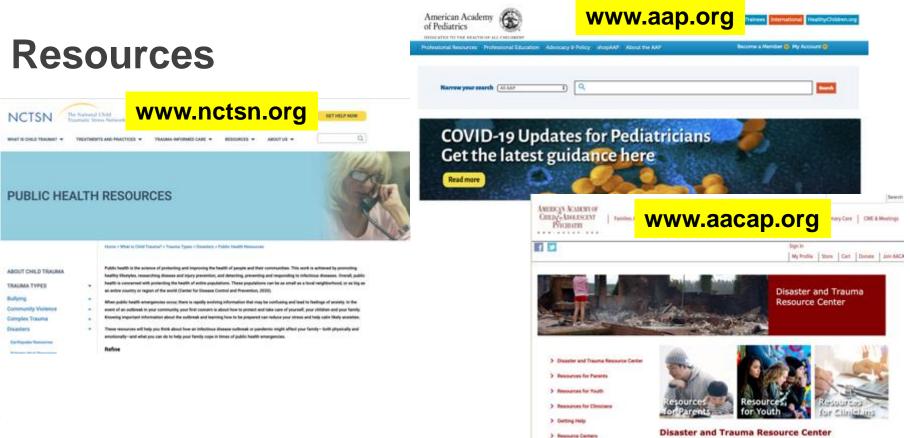


### www.coronavirus.in.gov



### https://www.in.gov/fssa/dmha/3495.htm





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### **INDIANA UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE**

Last updated February 2020

## Resources







#### Strategy In Practice: Contravirus Social Namelive

#### HANDSINAution Logicited

#### SOCIAL NARRATIVE: CORONAVIRUS AND STAYING HEALTHY

When people get sick or see others who are getting sick, they may feel afraid or nervous. I might hear about getting sick with the corona virus on TV, at school, home or in other public places.





This may cause me to feel scared, nervous, or unsafe, it is okay to feel this way.



If I get too nervous or scared, I can talk to someone I trust.





They can help me feel safe and share information that helps me understand the information being shared.



82020 HANOS in Autom\* Interdociplinary Training and Resource Center

### https://handsinautism.iupui.edu/coronavirus/





natural and human-caused disasters



Featured Resource

## **Resources**



### Sector Center for the Study of Traumatic Stress

Advancing Psychological Health and Resilience through Trauma Research, Education, and Consultation

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#### CORONAVIRUS AND EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTBREAKS RESPONSE

This page contains fact sheets and other resources to support the health and well-being of communities impacted by COVID-19.

No permission is needed to use or adapt these fact sheets for you or your organization. These fact sheets are in the public domain and you may use it freely as it is helpful to you.

#### Resources for Providers

Supporting Patients During Quarantine or Isolation

Helping Patients Concerned about Coronavirus: A Guide for Psychiatrists

How Clinicians and Other Healthcare Personnel Can Help Concerned Patients

(Available in Japanese - 日本語)

Supporting Military Families

How Healthcare Personnel Can Take Care of Themselves

(Available in Japanese - 日本語)

#### **Resources for Families**

Supporting Homebound Children Taking Care of Your Family

#### PUBLICATIONS

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Book Chapters
Newsletters
Reports
Forums

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